- 1. In a psychology class of 60 students, there are 15 males and 45 females. Of the 15 men, only 5 are freshmen. Of the 45 women, 20 are freshmen. If you randomly sample an individual from this class,
 - a. What is the probability of obtaining a female?
 - b. What is the probability of obtaining a freshman?
 - c. What is the probability of obtaining a male freshman?
- 2. A jar contains 10 black marbles and 20 white marbles.
 - a. If you randomly select a marble from the jar, what is the probability that you will get a white marble?
 - b. If you are selecting a random sample of n = 3 marbles and the first 2 marbles are both white, what is the probability that the third marble will be black?
- 7. For a normal distribution, find the z-score location of a vertical line that would separate the distribution into two parts as specified in each of the following:
 - a. Where do you draw a line that separates the top 40% (right side) from the bottom 60% (left side)?
 - b. Where do you draw a line that separates the top 10% (right side) from the bottom 90% (left side)?
 - c. Where do you draw a line that separates the top 80% (right side) from the bottom 20% (left side)?
- 8. A normal distribution has $\mu = 50$ and $\sigma = 10$. For each of the following locations (X values), draw a sketch of the distribution, and draw a vertical line through the distribution at the location specified by the score. Then find the proportion of the distribution on each side of the line.
 - **a.** X = 55
 - **b.** X = 50
 - c. X = 48
 - **d.** X = 40

- 12. For a normal distribution with a mean of $\mu = 80$ and $\sigma = 12$,
 - a. What is the probability of randomly selecting a score greater than 83?
 - **b.** What is the probability of randomly selecting a score greater than 74?
 - c. What is the probability of randomly selecting a score less than 92?
 - **d.** What is the probability of randomly selecting a score less than 62?
- 14. A normal distribution has a mean of 120 and a standard deviation of 20. For this distribution,
 - **a.** What score separates the top 40% (highest scores) from the rest?
 - **b.** What score corresponds to the 90th percentile?
 - c. What range of scores would form the middle 60% of this distribution?
- 16. A normal distribution has a mean of 80 and a standard deviation of 10. For this distribution, find each of the following probability values:

a.
$$p(X > 75) = ?$$

d.
$$p(65 < X < 95) = ?$$

b.
$$p(X < 65) = ?$$

e.
$$p (84 < X \le 90)$$
?

c.
$$p(X < 100) = ?$$

- 18. A normal distribution has a mean of $\mu = 120$ with $\sigma = 15$. Find the following values:
 - a. The 15th percentile
 - b. The 88th percentile
 - c. The percentile rank for X = 142
 - **d.** The percentile rank for X = 102
 - e. The percentile rank for X = 120
 - f. The semi-interquartile range